# If You See....Look for....

## Virginia House of Burgesses, Mayflower Compact, Town Meetings

= early forms of democracy early representative governments

### John Marshall/Marshall Court

= expanded the power of the federal government Judicial Review Marbury v. Madison = Judicial Review.

## Why did Immigrants and African Americans move to cities?

= That's where the jobs were

#### <u>Nativism</u>

fear of foreigners
 quota systems to limit immigration
 Immigrants took jobs away from Americans
 growth of the Ku Klux Klan

### <u>Federalism</u>

= Division of Powers between the Federal Government and the States.

### Powers of the Government:

Federal	Shared	State
Declare War, Peace, Coin \$	Taxation	Education, Marriage
<u>Delegated</u>		Driving laws
	<u>Concurrent</u>	Reserved
	" $2-R's = both$ "	"S is for state"

### Checks and Balances

 checking Branches (Legislative, Executive, Judicial) of Government...

The National Government checks itself...

it has nothing to do with states.

No one branch of government has more power than another

Ex: Veto..... Judicial Review...... Impeachment.

## George Washington

= look for neutrality

No parties ion con

Non-involvement

## Why did we have weak Articles of Confederation?

= fear of a strong central Government Power to the states was preferred. Articles did not give the central government enough power. Louldn't tax

## Domino Theory, Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO

= were policies of CONTAINMENT DURING COLD WAR!

## <u>WWII</u> = Lend Lease Act, Cash and Carry

= U.S. moves away from isolationism and is becoming less neutral.

### Why didn't we ratify the Treaty of Versailles?

= Neutrality/Isolationism.

## **Unwritten Constitution**

= things that we do that are not printed in the Constitution.

Ex: political parties, cabinet, Judicial Review, lobbying.

## U.S. got involved in WWI

because of "the Boat and the Note."

(Lusitania and Zimmerman Telegram)

### Trust = Monopoly

= makes the rich get richer. Limit competition

## Unions (AFL or Knights of Labor) or Arbitration

= the answer has something to do with "helping the workers."

## To repeal an amendment

... must ratify (approve) another amendment (like the 18<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> for Prohibition.)

### The Federalist Papers

= helped in the ratification of the Constitution Anti-Federalists got the Bill of Rights added

### Hamilton vs. Jefferson

= Federalist vs. An aderalist

Democratic - Republican

## **Manifest Destiny**

= the U.S. expanding/acquiring territory (from Mexico) Settles the Frontier It led to the question....."Should these states be FREE or SLAVE?"

## Transcontinental Railroad

= increased trade and settlement in the West.

## Mississippi River

= Navigation

## New England

= had trade/good harbors.

### The South

= was agricultural/plantation system.

## New Orleans

= was a port for trade.

### Seneca Falls

= women's suffrage; Declaration of Sentiments

### Harlem Renaissance

= African-American arts Langston Hughes Duke Ellington. Artistic contributions/Pride

## Sherman Anti-Trust or Clayton Anti-Trust or Interstate Commerce Act

= competition in business government regulation of business.

#### Henry Ford

= assembly line decrease in the cost of automobiles growth of suburbs

### Susan B. Anthony/Elizabeth Cady Stanton

= women's suffrage Seneca Falls

### Shay s'Rebellion

= showed the need for a stronger national government

## Jacob Riis/Ida Tarbell/Margaret Sanger/Upton Sinclair

= revealed social problems Muckrakers Correct harmful business practices

### Mercantilism

= economic benefit for Great Britain Resources for Great Britain

### Monroe Doctrine

= prevent new colonization of Western Hemisphere and in Latin America

### Scopes Trial

= conflict between science and religion

## Declaration of Independence

natural rights
 Colonial grievances
 Ideas of Locke and Rousseau(Enlightenment)
 "Consent of the governed"

### Homestead Act

= develop the West

## Poll tax/literacy tests

= prevent African-American voting

### Yellow Journalism

 Spanish American War Randolph Hearst Joseph Pulitzer U.S.S. Maine

## Mapp vs. Ohio/Gideon vs. Wainwright/Miranda vs. Arizona

= rights of the accused

### New Deal

= Federal government solves problems increased government involvement

### Cesar Chavez

= farm workers

## Social Darwinism

= the rich will survive over the poor Justifies monopolies.

## **Nuremberg**

= holding individuals accountable for their war crimes

### President Nixon resigns

Watergate break-in
 Public trust in government declined.

## Progressive (Era/Movement)

initiative and referendum
 Increase the power of citizens in state and local government
 Gave voters a more direct voice in government
 Correct the problems caused by industrialization
 Make government more democratic

### Farmers of the 1920's did not share in prosperity

= low prices and overproduction

### Rationing

= conserve essential goods for military use/more war materials

### Common Sense/Thomas Paine

end political relationship with Great Britain
 Declare independence

### Attacks of 2001

= creation of agency for homeland security , Patriot Act

### **Dust Bowl**

= severe drought Great Plains hit hardest

## **Great Compromise**

= representation in Congress

## **AMENDMENTS TO KNOW and the COURT CASES That They Relate To:**

1st . RELIGION, ASSEMBLY, SPEECH, PRESS, PETITION

Court Cases: Schenck, Tinker

4th . SEARCH and SEIZURE

Court Cases: Mapp, TLO.

5<sup>th</sup> . <u>DUE PROCESS</u>

Court Case: Miranda

6th . RIGHT TO AN ATTORNEY

Court Case: Gideon

13<sup>th</sup>

14<sup>th</sup> — <u>RECONSTRUCTION AMENDMENTS = Equality</u>

(added between 1865 and 1870)

15<sup>th</sup> — <u>Court Cases</u>: *Plessy, Brown, and Korematsu.* 

### **MORE AMENDMENTS TO KNOW....**

16<sup>th</sup> = Graduated Income TAX – "Sixteen has an X, so does Income Tax"

17<sup>th</sup> = SENATORS......Seeeeventeen, Seeeenators

18th = PROHIBITION - "used to be old enough to drink at 18"

21st = REPEAL PROHIBITION - "must be 21 to drink"

19th = WOMEN'S RIGHT TO VOTE (suffrage) - "women got to vote in the 1900's".

22<sup>nd</sup> = TWO TERM LIMITS - "just remember the TWOS!"

## PRESIDENTIAL ADMINISTRATIONS AND WHAT TO LOOK FOR ....

### Washington

= Neutrality/Isolationism created the Cabinet

### Jefferson

Louisiana Purchase
 Lewis and Clark
 to gain control of the Mississippi River
 route to the Pacific.

#### Monroe

= Neutrality opposed new colonization in Western Hemisphere

### <u>Jackson</u>

end of property requirements to vote
 More voters
 More democracy
 Native Americans moved West
 jobs to political supporters (Spoils System)

### Lincoln

= Preserve the Union Southern states seceded.

### Theodore Roosevelt

Square Deal for all Americans
 Conservation of nature
 "Big Stick" was foreign policy

### <u>Wilson</u>

Fourteen PointsLeague of Nations

avoid international conflicts & war.

### **Harding**

= Return to Normalcy after WWI

#### FDR

= New Deal Government helped the people directly

#### Truman

= Atomic Bomb to end WWII

#### Eisenhower

= 1950'sMcCarthyism

### Kennedy

= The New Frontier Problem solving for poverty & racial prejudice International aid Cuban Missile Crisis Bay of Pigs Peace Corps.

### Johnson

- = The Great Society Was on Poverty Expand Federal gov't
- = Help the Poor & education Civil Rights Vietnam War

#### Nixon

= resigned because of Watergate Détente = He reduced conflict with the Soviet Union

### **Ford**

= pardons Nixon

## <u>Carter</u>

= reduced tensions in the Middle East Camp David Accords

## Reagan

= Star Wars Iran Contra

## Clinton

= NAFTA Impeachment